

HCT001. TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN -

Universe: OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Data Set: 2002 American Community Survey Summary Tables

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <u>Survey Methodology</u>.

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	225,474	221,333	229,616
Owner occupied:	144,778	139,680	149,877
Family households:	112,818	106,820	118,816
Married-couple family:	92,488	87,418	97,558
With own children under 18 years	41,301	37,480	45,122
No own children under 18 years	51,187	48,460	53,914
Other family:	20,330	18,175	22,485
Male householder, no wife present:	7,724	6,061	9,387
With own children under 18 years	4,650	3,515	5,785
No own children under 18 years	3,074	1,995	4,153
Female householder, no husband present:	12,606	11,355	13,857
With own children under 18 years	8,331	6,955	9,707
No own children under 18 years	4,275	3,335	5,216
Nonfamily households	31,960	29,612	34,308
Renter occupied:	80,696	77,155	84,237
Family households:	48,208	43,677	52,739
Married-couple family:	31,752	28,414	35,090
With own children under 18 years	19,235	16,994	21,476
No own children under 18 years	12,517	10,464	14,570
Other family:	16,456	14,012	18,900
Male householder, no wife present:	5,233	4,043	6,423
With own children under 18 years	3,247	2,186	4,308
No own children under 18 years	1,986	1,174	2,798
Female householder, no husband present:	11,223	9,106	13,340
With own children under 18 years	9,667	7,878	11,456
No own children under 18 years	1,556	838	2,274
Nonfamily households	32,488	29,500	35,476

Notes

The 2002 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

Click on the table title to access subject characteristics and code lists related to this table.

- 1. An ^{1*1} entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.

 2. An ^{1**} entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard
- 2. An '**' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
- 4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an
- 6. An "*** entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.